Care and Use Instructions YMC-Triart Prep Packing Material

Introduction

Thank you for purchasing YMC-Triart Prep packing material.

To ensure optimal performance and stability of the packing material, please follow these instructions before use.

1. Specifications

Item	Functional group	Particle size (µm)	Pore size (nm)	pH range	Bulk density (g/cm³)
Triart Prep C18-S	C18	7, 10, 15, 20	12		ca. 0.58
Triart Prep C8-S	C8	10, 15, 20	12	Regular use : 2–10	ca. 0.52
Triart Prep Bio200 C8	C8	10	20	Column	
Triart Prep Phenyl-S	Phenyl	10	12	Cleaning : 2–12	
Triart Prep C4-S	C4	10	12		

2. Packing instructions [for dynamic axial compression (DAC) columns]

2-1 Amount of packing material required

Calculate the amount of packing material by using the column volume and the bulk density (see section 1).

2-2 Preparation of packing slurry and packing

2-Propanol or methanol/water (85/15, v/v) is recommended as the slurry and packing solvent. Add the solvent to obtain a slurry at a concentration of 30%*, and transfer the slurry to a DAC column. Packing pressure should depend on pressure rating of the DAC column used. Generally, 5 – 8 MPa is recommended for packing.

*slurry concentration (%, w/v) = amount of packing material (kg) / total volume of slurry (L) X 100

2-3 Testing the packed column (Evaluation of column performance)

Once packing is completed, check the theoretical plate number (N) and peak shape. In the case where appropriate theoretical plate number (N) or peak shape is not obtained, please optimize the packing condition.

Example conditions of column performance evaluation

	Condition				
Column size	250 X 50mml.D.				
Eluent	Acetonitrile/Water (60/40, v/v)	MeOH/Water (85/15, v/v)			
Flow rate	50 mL/min *1				
Detection	UV at 254 nm				
Sample	Methylbenzoate (10 μL/mL)	Toluene (40 μL/mL)			
Sample solvent	Eluent				
Injection	1 mL*1				
Evaluation	Theoretical plate number (N)				

^{*1} Adjust flow rate and injection volume based on the ratio of the cross-sectional areas of columns when inner diameter of a column is different from 50 mm I.D.

Expected theoretical plate number (N/m)*2

	7 μm	10 µm	15 µm	20 µm
C18	36,000/m	25,000/m	16,000/m	12,000/m
C8		23,000/m	15,000/m	11,000/m
Phenyl		20,000/m		
C4		17,000/m		

^{*2} Values might be influenced by column or LC system

3. Precautions for use

- · Operating pressure should not exceed the packing pressure.
- YMC-Triart Prep based on the hybrid silica gel is usable at a wider range of pH due to its outstanding chemical durability (See the specifications in section 1). However, continuous use under strongly acidic or strongly alkaline condition will have a negative effect on lifetime of packing material.
 - *The lifetime of packing material varies depending on conditions of use such as pH, mobile phase composition and loading. In general, higher loading, and/or higher concentration of buffer salts/additives can shorten the lifetime. We recommend cleaning the packing material periodically to extend the lifetime. Cleaning procedures are described in section 4.
- · Common solvents or buffers for reversed-phase chromatography can be used as mobile phase.
- · To protect a column/packing material, a sample containing a lot of impurities should be filtered out before injection.

4. Column cleaning, regeneration and storage

General cleaning procedure

[After using mobile phase not containing buffer salts/additives]

- Flush the column with a solution containing a higher ratio of organic solvent for washing out the compounds that have a great capacity for retention in the column.
- Usable concentration of organic solvent is up to 100%.

[After using mobile phase containing buffer salts/additives]

• First replace with a water/organic solution containing no buffer salts or additives (A ratio of water to organic solvent should be set at the same proportions as a mobile phase). Then flush the column in accordance with the method described above.

Cleaning with alkaline solution

- Once macromolecules such as proteins adsorb onto the gel and they cannot be removed by the method above, cleaning with alkaline solution would be effective. Flush the column with 3 column volumes of 0.1 M sodium hydroxide/acetonitrile (50/50, v/v), and then flush with water/organic solvent mixture until eluate becomes neutral pH.
- Long term use under strongly alkaline condition will shorten lifetime of the packing material. Use of strongly alkaline solution is
 recommended to be limited to cleaning. For regular use, please use the packing material within the recommended pH range
 described in section 1.

Column storage

- Clean the column in accordance with the method described above, and replace with organic solvents such as methanol or acetonitrile. Keep away from heat and moisture.
- · Avoid storing the column with a mobile phase containing acids/buffer salts even if it is only for a short period.

5. Packing material storage

Unused packing material:

Store the packing material in the original container, and keep away from heat and moisture.

Used packing material:

At first, clean the packing material in accordance with the method described in section 4.

[Storage in a dry form]

Flush the column with organic solvents such as methanol or 2-propanol, and then remove the
packing material. After drying the unpacked material at 50 °C or below, transfer it to an
appropriate container. Keep away from heat and moisture.

[Storage in organic solvent]

Flush the column with organic solvents such as methanol or 2-propanol, and then remove the
packing material. Transfer the unpacked material to an appropriate container and store it in the
same solvent. Please ensure that the container is tightly sealed.

NOTE - We do not warrant the used packing material, and cannot accept any return of it.